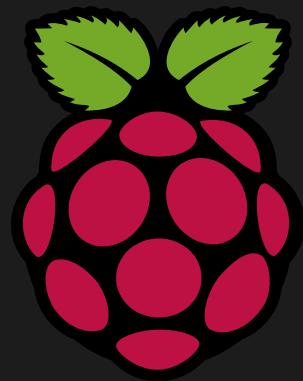


Raspberry Pi & GPIO Zero



Topics

What is the Raspberry Pi?

What are GPIOs?

Physical computing starter kits

What is GPIO Zero?

GPIO Zero documentation and tutorials

GPIO Zero examples



Martin Wimpress

1972 Vintage Human Meatbag



Software Engineer

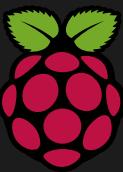
CANONICAL



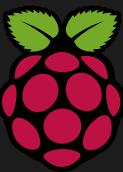
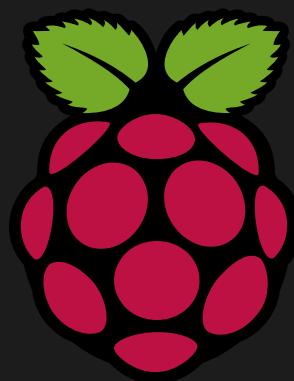
Ubuntu Desktop Team

ubuntu®

by Canonical and friends



Raspberry Pi Insider

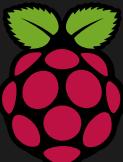
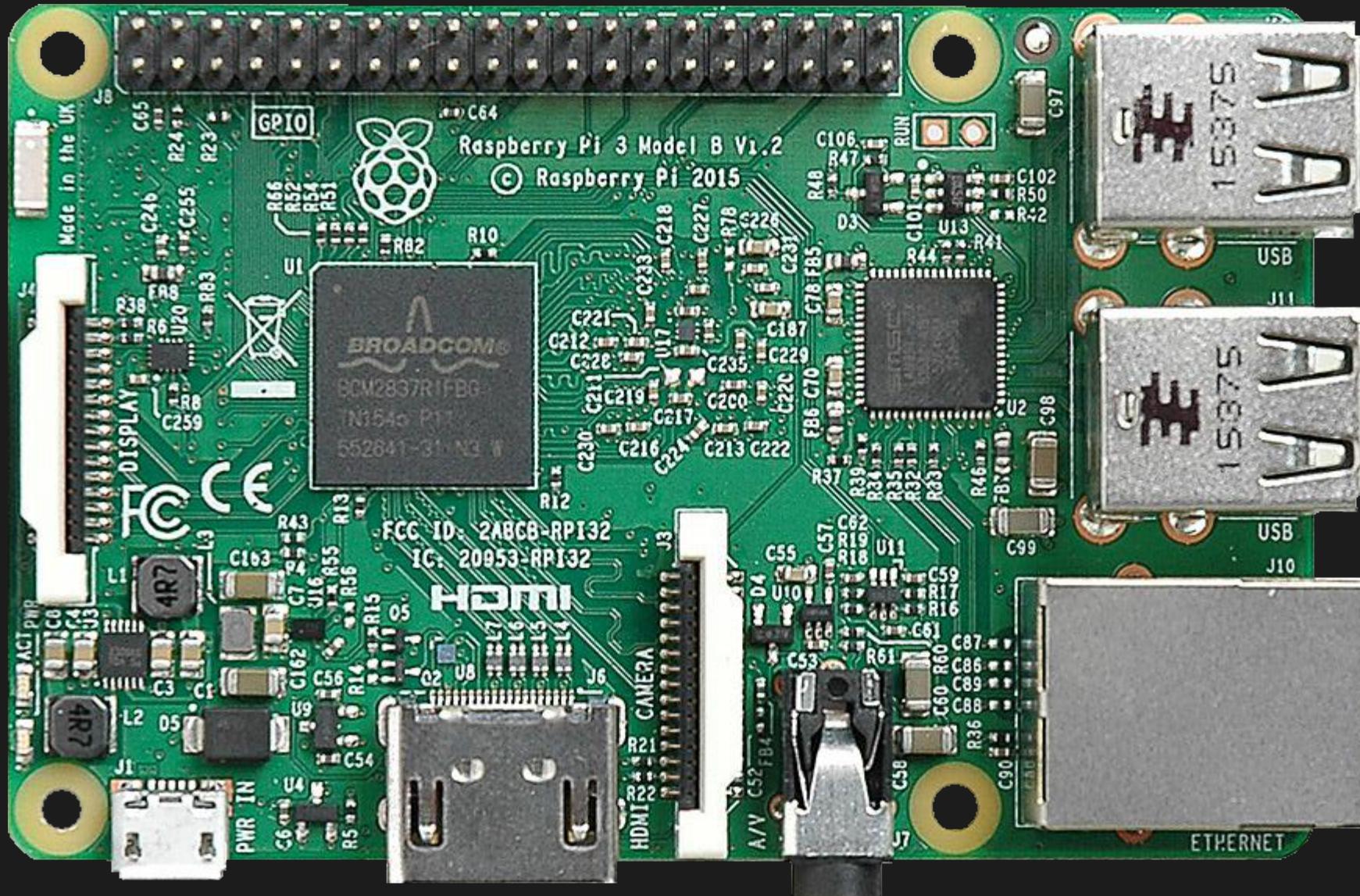


A complete GPIO newbie!

Absolutely the worst person to give this talk!



What is the Raspberry Pi?



What is the Raspberry Pi?

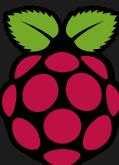
“The Raspberry Pi is a series of credit card-sized single-board computers developed in the United Kingdom by the Raspberry Pi Foundation to promote the teaching of basic computer science in schools and in developing countries.”

- Wikipedia



The Raspberry Pi line-up?

- Raspberry Pi Model A 1 & 1+
 - Old and crusty
 - \$20 - \$25
- Raspberry Pi Model B 1, 1+, 2 & 3
 - New hotness!
 - \$25 - \$35
- Raspberry Pi Compute Module 1 & 3
 - Specialist
- Raspberry Pi Zero
 - Adorable
 - \$5



Which Raspberry Pi to buy?

- Raspberry Pi Model A 1 & 1+
 - Old and crusty
 - \$20 - \$25
- Raspberry Pi Model B 1, 1+, 2 & 3
 - New hotness!
 - \$25 - \$35
- Raspberry Pi Compute Module 1 & 3
 - Specialist
- Raspberry Pi Zero
 - Adorable
 - \$5



What do you get for \$35?

- Broadcom BCM2837 ARMv8-A (64/32-bit)
 - 1.2 GHz 64-bit quad-core ARM Cortex-A53
 - 1 GB RAM (shared with GPU)
- Broadcom VideoCore IV GPU
 - OpenGL ES 2.0
 - H.264/MPEG-4 decoder and encoder
 - HDMI 1.3
- 4× USB 2.0 ports & 1× 10/100 Ethernet port
- 2.4 GHz WiFi 802.11n & Bluetooth 4.1
- 15-pin MIPI camera interface (CSI) connector
- 17x GPIO

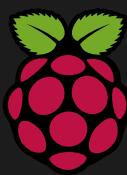
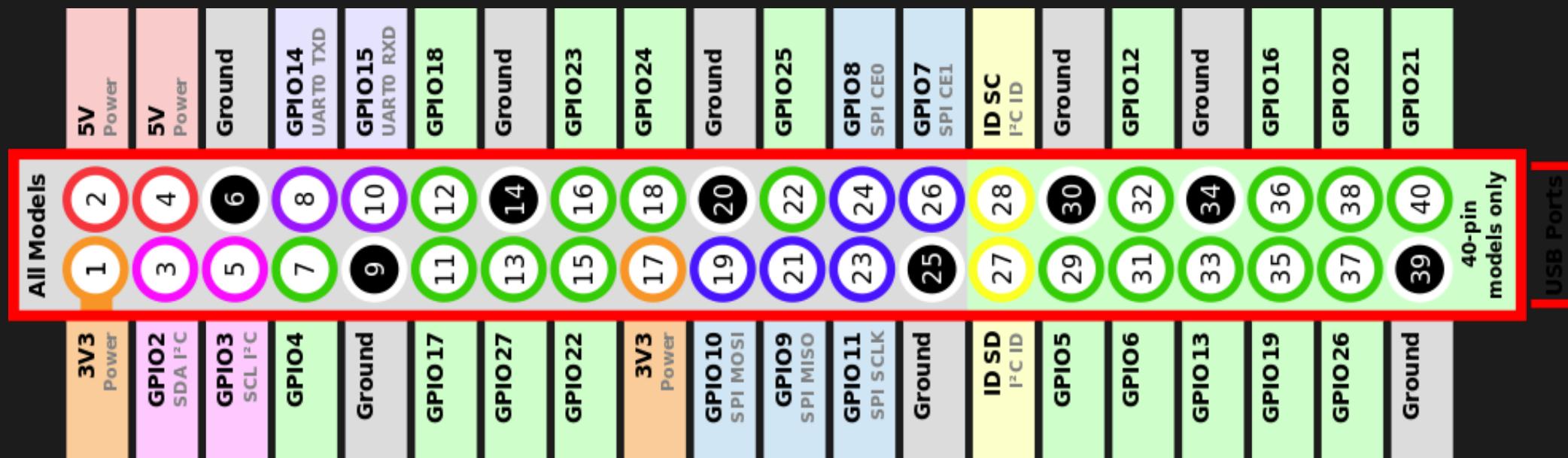


What are GPIOs?

- General Purpose Input-Output connector
 - 40-pin GPIO header on the Raspberry Pi
 - Enables the connection and control of electronic components with a program.



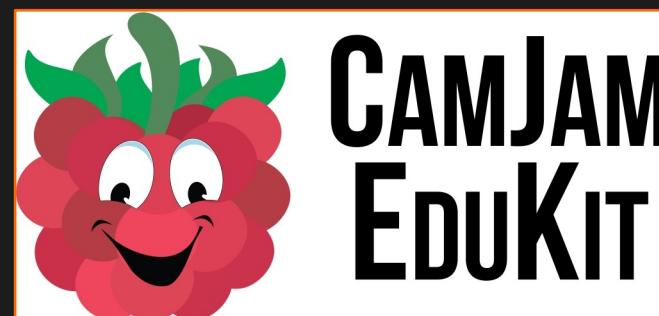
40-pin GPIO header



Physical computing kits

- Ben Nuttal recommends CamJam Edu Kits
 - Joint venture between The Pi Hut and the Cambridge Raspberry Jam
 - <https://thepihut.com/collections/camjam-edukit>

“Low-cost way to introduce kids (and adults!) to the world of electronics and programming.”



What is GPIO Zero?

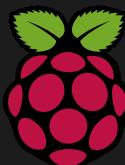
“A simple interface to everyday GPIO components used with Raspberry Pi.”

- Ben Nuttal



Why GPIO Zero?

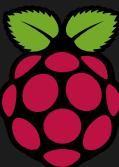
- Python
 - The preferred language of the Raspberry Pi Foundation
- GPIO was complex
 - Connecting electronics required lots of code just to get set up
- GPIO Zero handles the boilerplate for you
 - You focus on controlling the physical devices
 - Fewer lines of code
 - Easier for newcomers to understand
- GPIO Zero uses Broadcom (BCM) pin numbering
 - As opposed to physical (BOARD) numbering



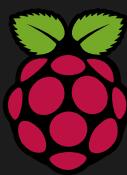
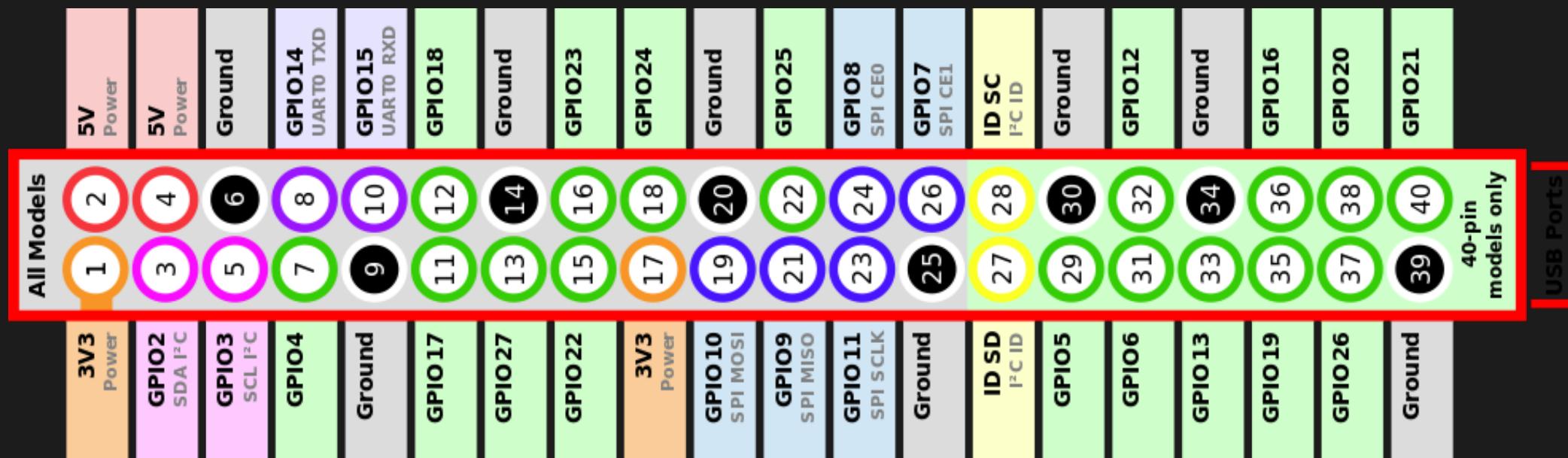
BCM vs BOARD numbering

"The BCM numbering bears no relation to their actual position on the Raspberry Pi GPIO header!"

- Tim Cox



40-pin GPIO header



Raspberry Pi Pinout

"The comprehensive GPIO Pinout guide for the Raspberry Pi."

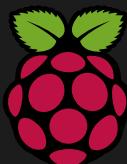
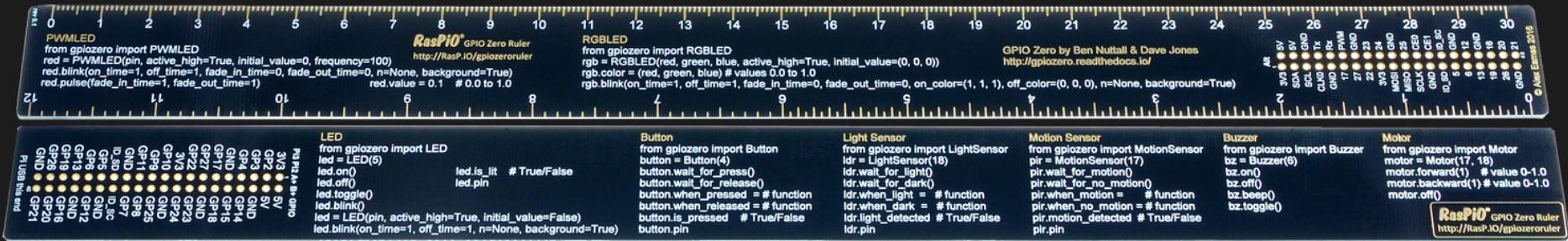
- <https://pinout.xyz/>



GPIO Ruler

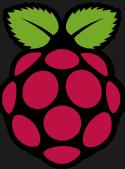
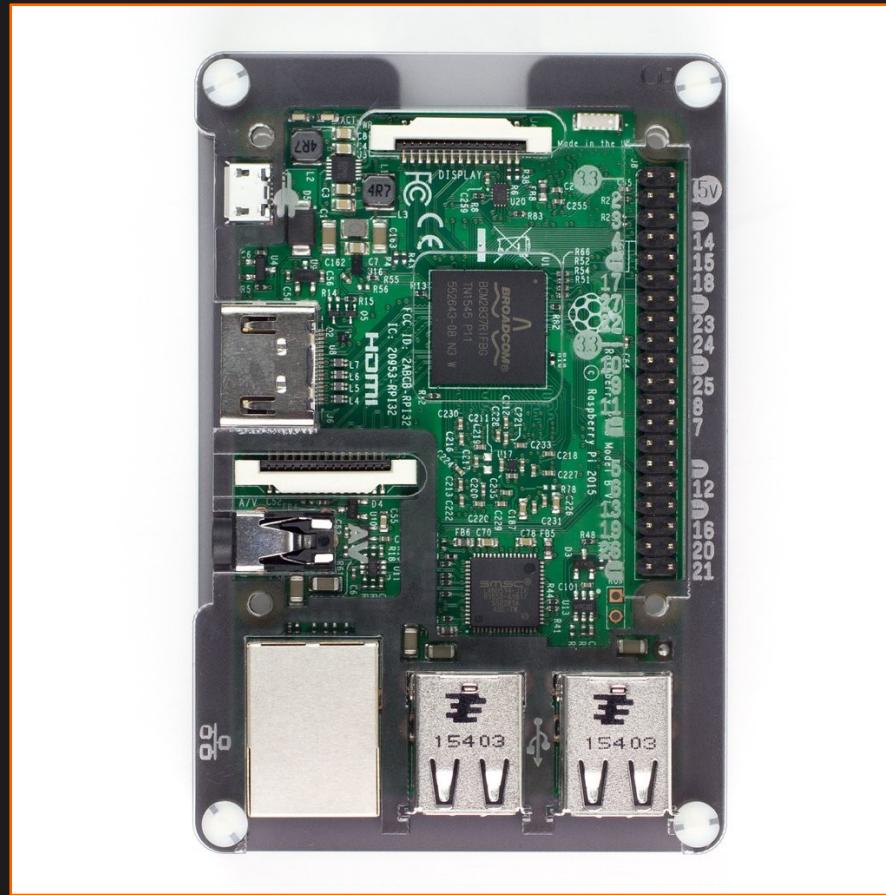
“Quick reference for GPIO hacking on the Raspberry Pi in Python”

- <http://rasp.io/gpioruler/>



Pibow 3 Coupé

<https://shop.pimoroni.com/collections/raspberry-pi/products/pibow-coupe-for-raspberry-pi-3>



GPIO Documentation & Tutorials

- The Documentation

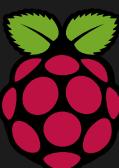
- <http://gpiozero.readthedocs.io/>
- <https://github.com/RPi-Distro/python-gpiozero>

- The Book

- <http://bennuttall.com/simple-electronics-gpio-zero-book/>
- <https://www.raspberrypi.org/magpi/gpio-zero-essentials/>
- https://www.raspberrypi.org/magpi-issues/Essentials_GPIOZero_v1.pdf

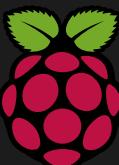
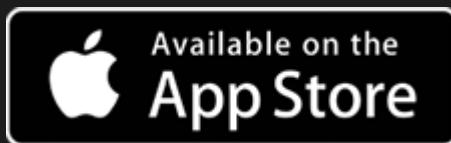
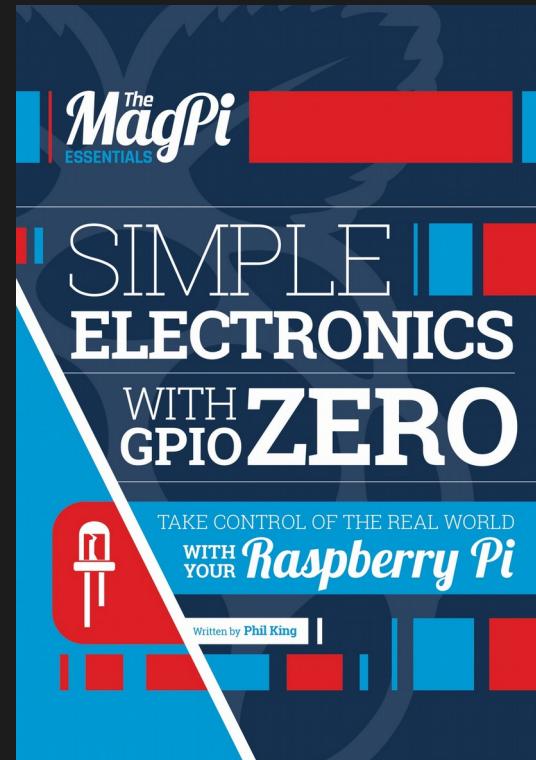
- Physical Computing with Python

- <https://www.raspberrypi.org/learning/physical-computing-with-python/>



The MagPi

- The Official Raspberry Pi Magazine
 - Free to download or purchase the print copy
 - <https://www.raspberrypi.org/magpi/>

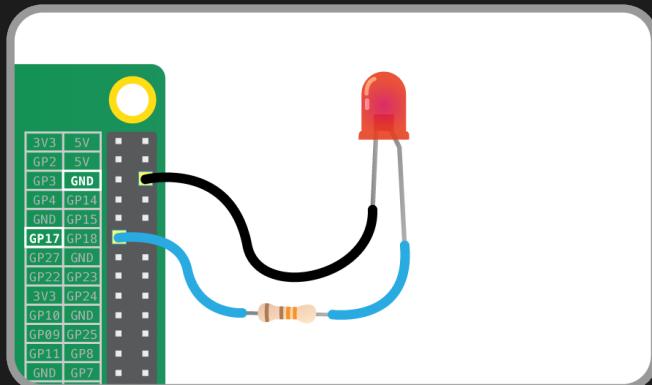


GPIO examples

- You will need:
 - A Raspberry Pi
 - SD card of “Raspbian Jessie with PIXEL”
 - <https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/>
 - Power supply
 - Monitor
 - A keyboard and mouse
 - Python3



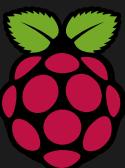
Turn a LED on and off repeatedly



```
from gpiozero import LED  
from time import sleep
```

```
red = LED(17)
```

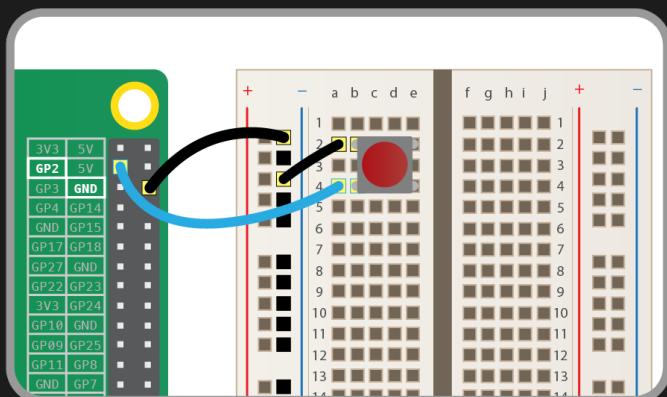
```
while True:  
    red.on()  
    sleep(1)  
    red.off()  
    sleep(1)
```



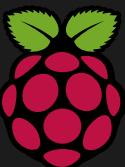
Check if a Button is pressed

```
from gpiozero import Button
```

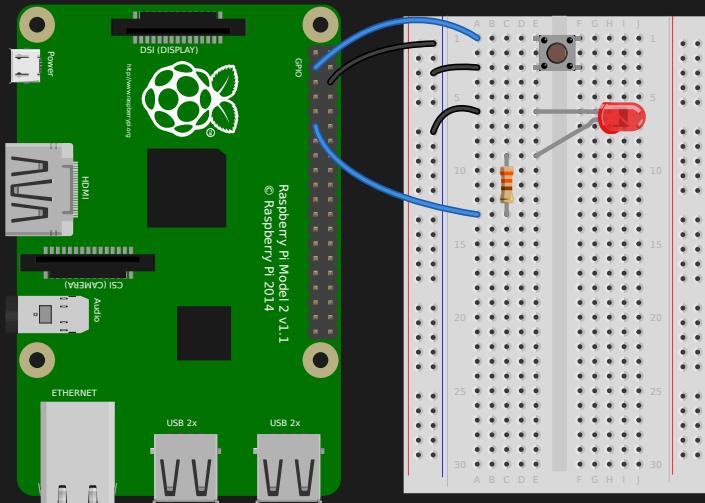
```
button = Button(2)
```



```
while True:  
    if button.is_pressed:  
        print("Button is pressed")  
  
    else:  
        print("Button is not pressed")
```



Button controlled LED

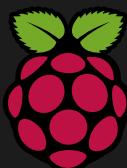


```
from gpiozero import LED, Button  
from signal import pause
```

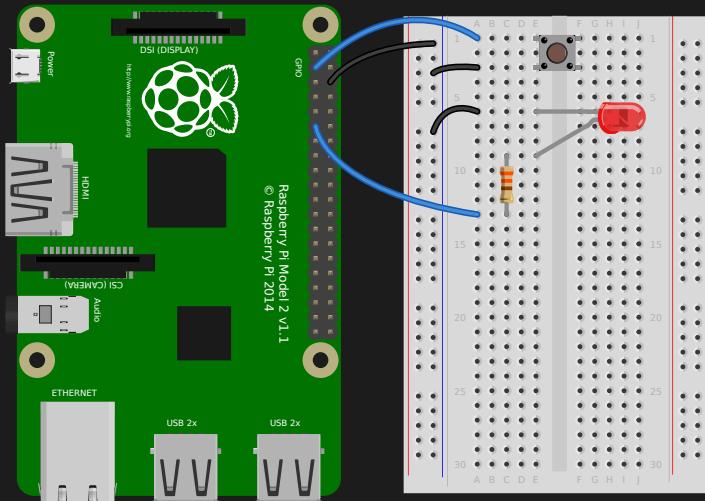
```
led = LED(17)  
button = Button(2)
```

```
button.when_pressed = led.on  
button.when_released = led.off
```

```
pause()
```



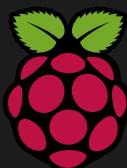
Button controlled LED



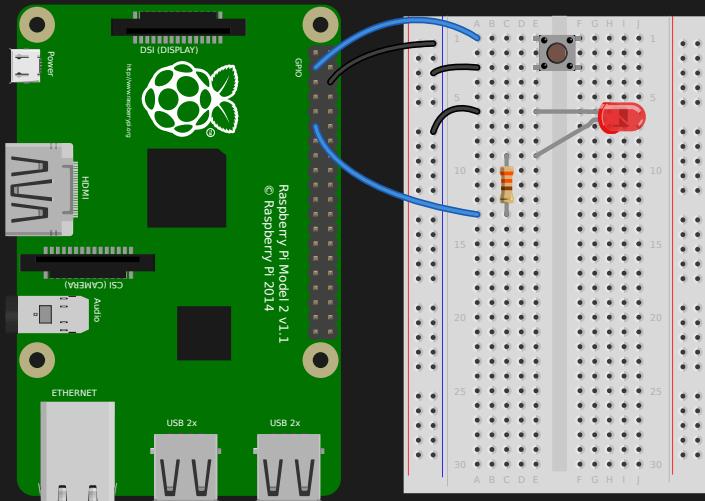
```
from gpiozero import LED, Button  
from signal import pause
```

```
led = LED(17)  
button = Button(2)
```

```
led.source = button.values  
  
pause()
```



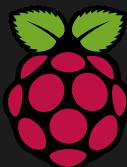
Button controlled LED



```
from gpiozero import LED, Button  
from signal import pause
```

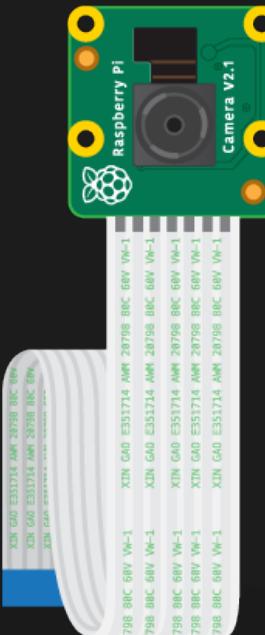
```
led = LED(17)  
button = Button(2)
```

```
led.source = button.values  
  
pause()
```

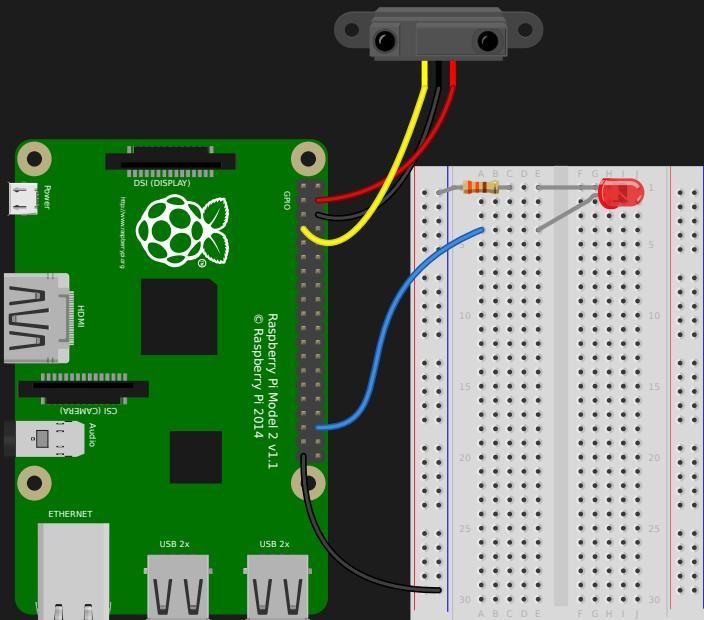


Button controlled camera

```
from gpiozero import Button  
from picamera import PiCamera  
from datetime import datetime  
from signal import pause  
  
button = Button(2)  
camera = PiCamera()  
  
def capture():  
    datetime = datetime.now().isoformat()  
    camera.capture('/home/pi/%s.jpg' % datetime)  
  
button.when_pressed = capture  
  
pause()
```



Motion detector



```
from gpiozero import MotionSensor, LED  
from signal import pause
```

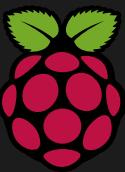
```
pir = MotionSensor(4)
```

```
led = LED(16)
```

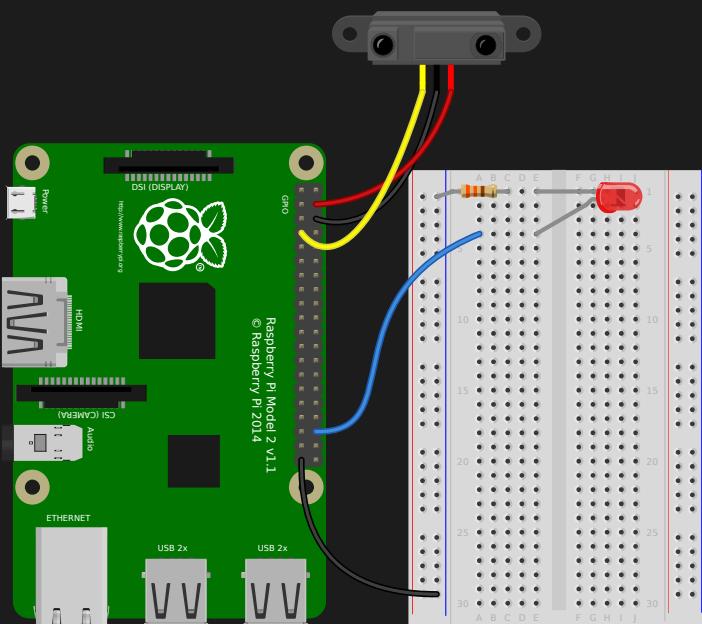
```
pir.when_motion = led.on
```

```
pir.when_no_motion = led.off
```

```
pause()
```



Distance detector



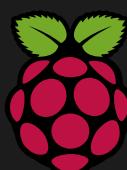
```
from gpiozero import DistanceSensor  
from time import sleep
```

```
sensor = DistanceSensor(23, 24)
```

```
while True:
```

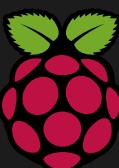
```
    print('Distance to nearest object  
is', sensor.distance, 'm')
```

```
    sleep(1)
```



What can GPIO control?

- Input devices
 - Button
 - Line Sensor (TRCT5000)
 - Motion Sensor (D-SUN PIR)
 - Light Sensor (LDR)
 - Distance Sensor (HC-SR04)
 - DigitalInputDevice
 - SmoothedInputDevice
- Output devices
 - LED
 - PWMLED
 - RGBLED
 - Buzzer
 - Motor
 - Servo
 - AngularServo
 - DigitalOutputDevice
 - PWMOutputDevice



What can GPIO control?

- LEDBoard
- LEDBarGraph
- ButtonBoard
- TrafficLights
- LedBorg
- PiLITER
- PiLITER Bar Graph
- PI-TRAFFIC
- TrafficLightsBuzzer
- Fish Dish
- Traffic HAT
- Robot
- Ryanteck MCB Robot
- CamJam #3 Kit Robot
- Energenie
- SnowPi



Summary

The Raspberry Pi 3 is a small inexpensive computer

General **P**urpose **I**nput-**O**utput enables the connection and control of electronic components with a program.

CamJam Edu Kits are great for newcomers

GPIO Zero is a simple interface for GPIO components used with Raspberry Pi.

Lots of GPIO Zero documentation and tutorials



